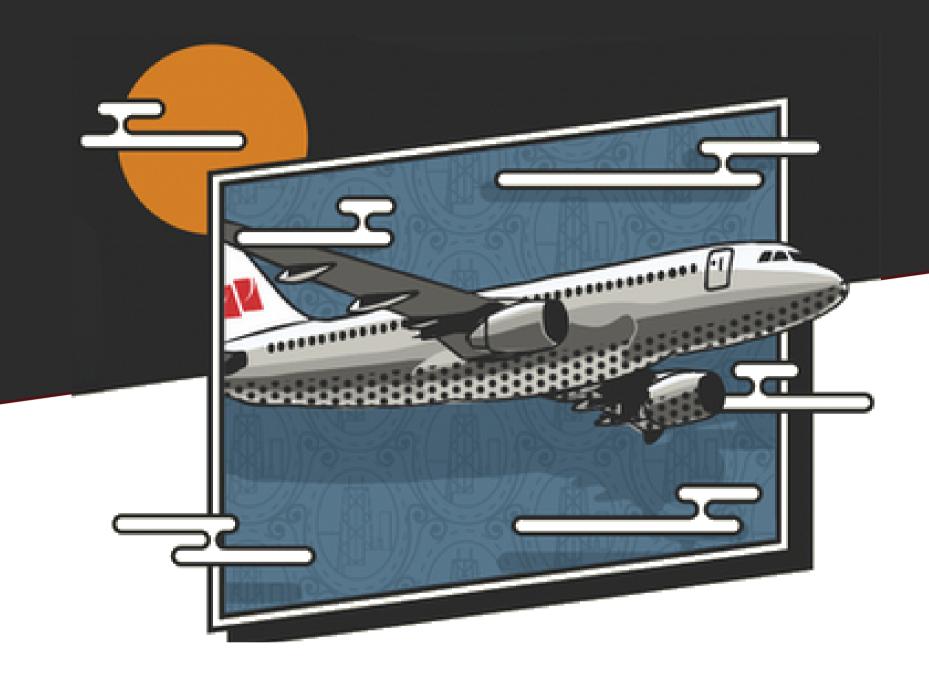






40th Annual
Airport Law Workshop



Session 2: Fundamentals

Understanding Federal Regulation of Airports: the Grant Assurances

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Overview

Background and Key Grant Assurances

- Background: the Grant Assurance concept
- Key Grant Assurances
 - General Federal Requirements
 - Preserving Rights and Powers
 - Operation and Maintenance
- FAA grant enforcement: an overview

- Economic Nondiscrimination
- **Exclusive Rights**
- Airport Layout Plan

Background The Grant Assurances

The Concept

Contractual terms with regulatory effect

- 39 contract terms (+1 pending?) sponsors must accept for AIP grants
- Many not all required by statute
- Functionally, but not formally, regulatory
- Most bind for 20 years; 3 are perpetual
- Enforced through 14 C.F.R. Parts 13 and 16



The law behind the Grant Assurances

49 U.S.C. § 47107(a)

The Secretary of Transportation may approve a project grant application under this subchapter for an airport development project only if the Secretary receives written assurances, satisfactory to the Secretary, that [include various specified provisions].

The AIP Grant Assurances The Full List

10. Metropolitan Planning Organization

The Airport Improvement Program Sponsor Assurances			
1. General Federal Requirements	11. Pavement Preventative Maintenance	21. Compatible Land Use	31. Disposal of Land
2. Responsibility/Authority	12. Terminal Development Prerequisites	22. Economic Nondiscrimination	32. Engineering and Design Services
3. Sponsor Fund Availability	13. Accounting System, Audit, and Record Keeping	23. Exclusive Rights	33. Foreign Market Restrictions
4. Good Title	14. Minimum Wage Rates	24. Fee and Rental Structure	34. Policies, Standards & Specifications
5. Preserving Rights and Powers	15. Veteran's Preference	25. Airport Revenues	35. Relocation & Real Property Acquisition
6. Consistency with Local Plans	16. Conformity to Plans & Specifications	26. Reports and Inspections	36. Access by Intercity Buses
7. Consideration of Local Interest	17. Construction Inspection & Approval	27. Use by Government Aircraft	37. Disadvantaged Business Enterprises
8. Consultation with Users	18. Planning Projects	28. Land for Federal Facilities	38. Hangar Construction
9. Public Hearings	19. Operation and Maintenance	29. Airport Layout Plan (ALP)	39. Competitive Access

30. Civil Rights

20. Hazard Removal and Mitigation

[Pending?: Leaded Avgas]

Time and place

Where and when the Assurances apply

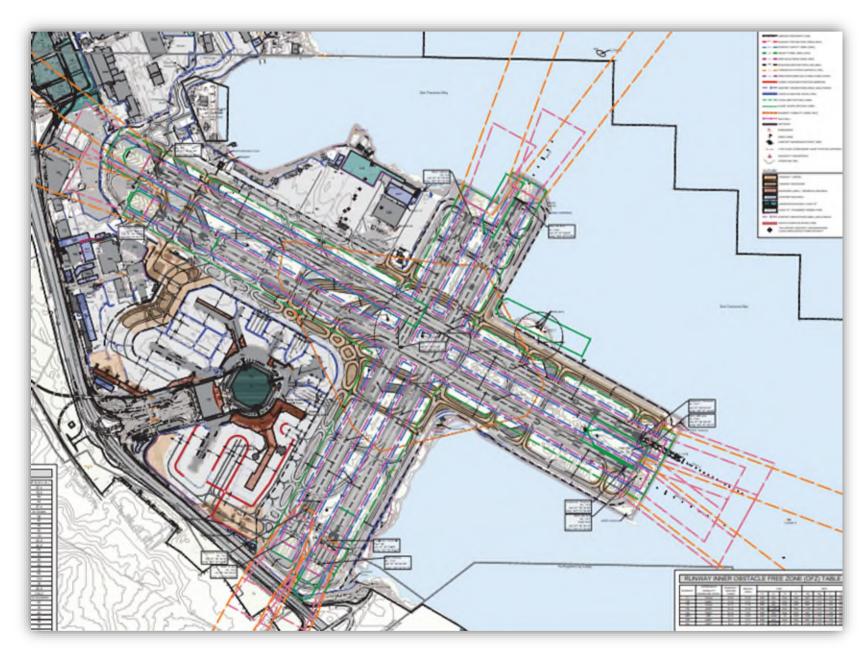


- Usual duration: "useful life" of facility/equipment
 - In practice, 20 years
- For real property purchases: apply in perpetuity
- Three **perpetual** assurances:
 - GA 23: Exclusive Rights
 - GA 25: Airport Revenues
 - GA 30: Civil Rights

Time and place

Where and when the Assurances apply

- Historically, assurances applied across
 "Exhibit A" airport property map
- Under Section 743, may be more limited
 - Awaiting FAA guidance



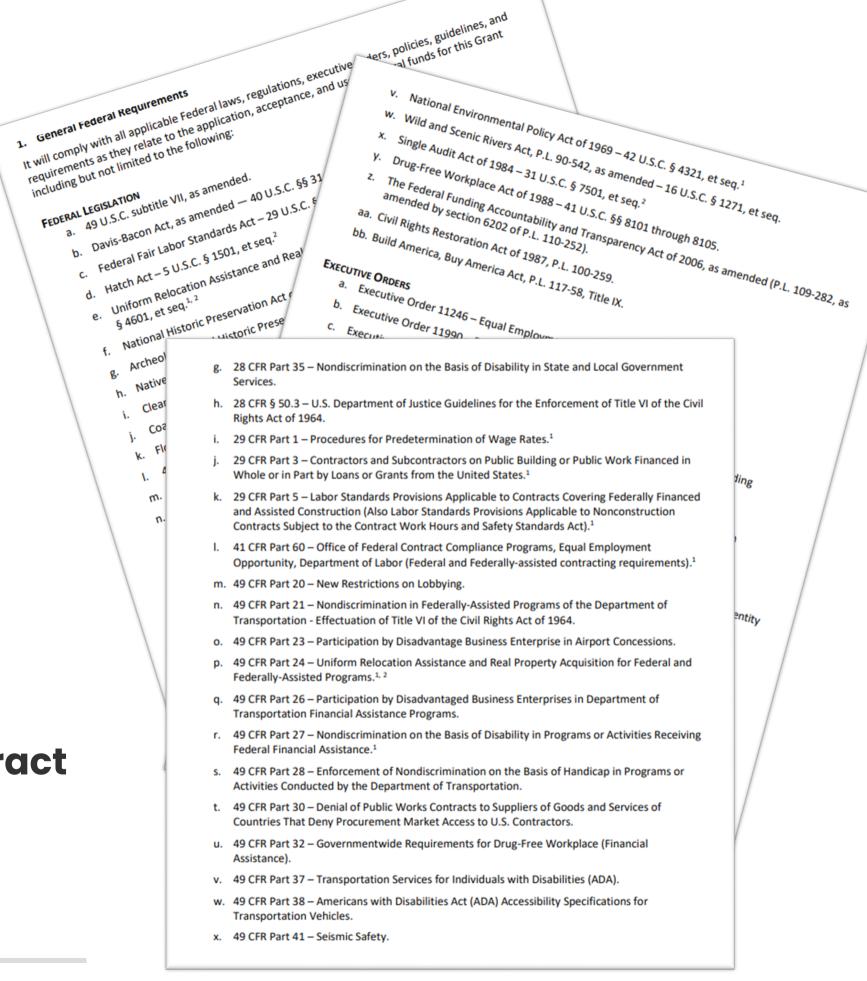
Credit: San Francisco International Airport

Key Grant Assurances

General federal requirements

- Requires compliance with federal—
 - Statutes
 - Regulations
 - OMB guidance
 - Executive orders
- Mechanism to enforce federal law through Assurances
- Obligates sponsors to include "required contract provisions" in every contract

Practice tip: Review those provisions



Requires compliance with federal policies

Examples of laws and policies:

- The Hatch Act
- The Build America, Buy America Act
- Executive Order 14008 (climate change)
- 29 C.F.R. Part 1 (wage rates)
- 49 C.F.R. Part 23 (ACDBEs)
- 49 C.F.R. Part 32: (Drug-Free Workplace)

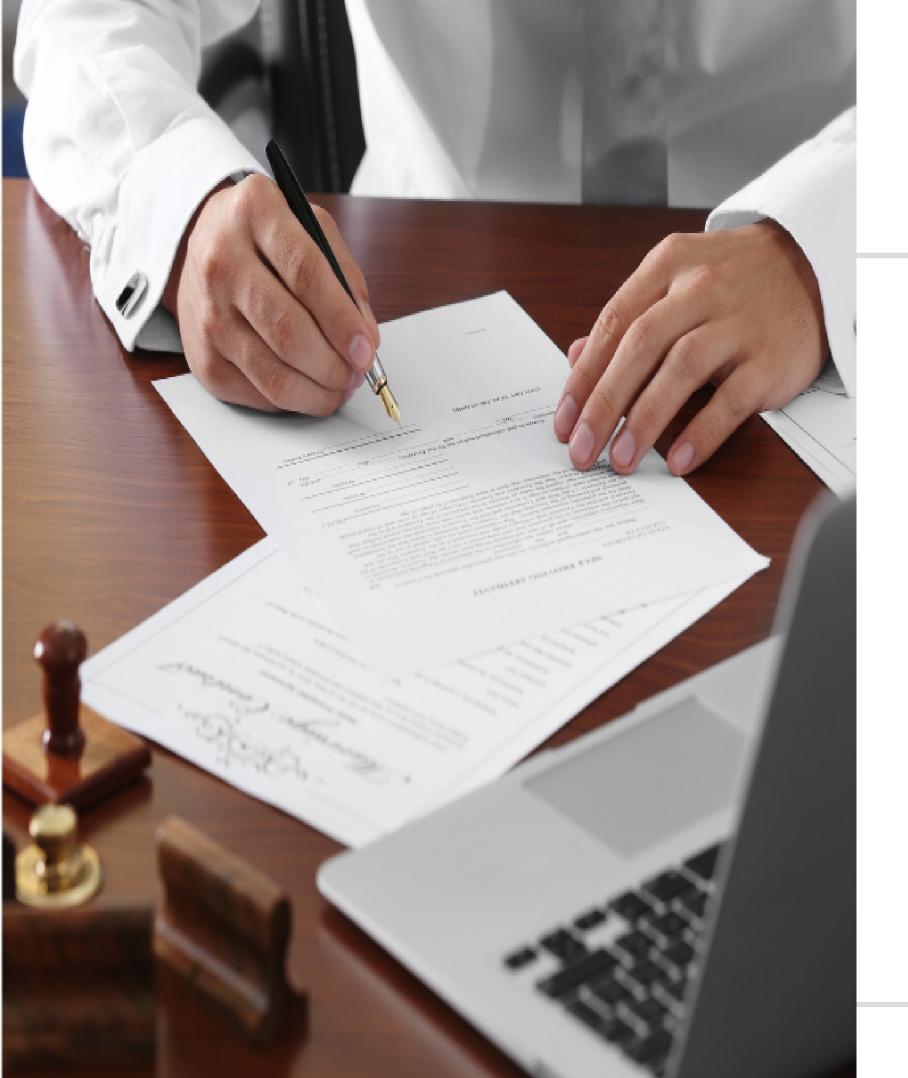


Preserving rights and powers

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[The sponsor] will not take or permit any action which would ... deprive it of any of the rights and powers necessary to perform ... this grant agreement ....
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•••

[The sponsor] will **act promptly** to acquire, extinguish or modify any outstanding rights or claims ... which would interfere with such performance



Practice tips

When drafting leases and agreements:

- Retain "rights and powers"
- Reserve approval over subleases
- Limit lease duration
- Use reversionary & subordination clauses
- Review lender provisions

Operations and maintenance

The airport ... shall be operated at all times in a **safe and serviceable condition** and in accordance with [requirements] ... prescribed by applicable Federal, state, and local agencies for maintenance and operation.

[The sponsor] will not cause or permit any activity or action thereon which would interfere with its use for airport purposes. ...

Requires a functioning airport

- Keeping airport **safe** and **open** for aircraft
- FAA approval for nonaeronautical closure
- Contingency planning
- Relates to:
 - Assurance 11 (Pavement maintenance)
 - Assurance 29 (Airport Layout Plan)
 - Part 139

- ✓ Maintain, inspect, and repair facilities regularly
- ✓ Keep airport open for public use
 - Mark hazards and warn pilots of airport conditions

Economic nondiscrimination

[The sponsor] will make the airport **available** for public use on **reasonable terms** and **without unjust discrimination** to all types, kinds and classes of aeronautical activities . . .

Several key components



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Does **not** require acquiescence to all tenant demands

Assurance 22 requires

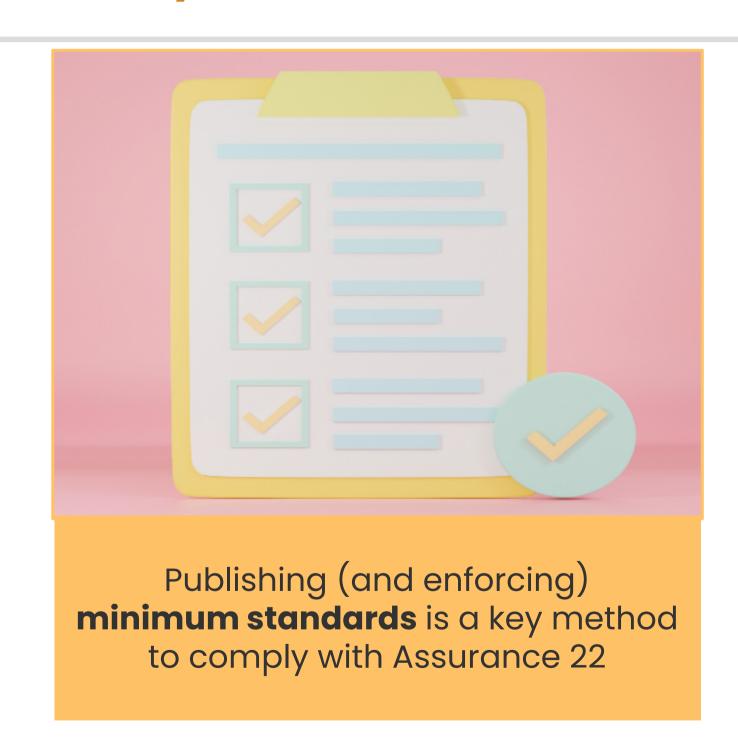
- Good-faith consideration of applications
- Access to airfield
- Reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory terms

It doesn't require

- Operator's preferred site
- Operator's preferred terms
- Through-the-fence access
- Unsafe or unsightly operations
- Sponsor's development of facilities

Requires reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory terms

- Terms must be:
 - Attainable
 - Rational
 - Uniformly applied
- Treat similarly situated aeronautical operators similarly
 - Facilities
 - Investment/risk
 - Signatory status
 - Time



Other important requirements



- Tenants: cannot unjustly discriminate with aeronautical services
- Right to self-service and self-fuel
- Air carriers may use the FBO of their choice
- Sponsors: limited right to restrict aeronautical operators for **bona fide** safety and efficiency

Exclusive rights

[The sponsor] will permit no exclusive right for the use of the airport by any person providing, or intending to provide, aeronautical services to the public. ...

Bars express and implied exclusive rights

- Unlawful exclusive rights may be:
 - Express
 - Implied
- Having sole service provider not inherently unlawful
- Sponsor retains **proprietary exclusive** right subject to conditions

Airport Layout Plan

[The sponsor] will **keep up to date** at all times an airport layout plan of the airport...

Airport Layout Plan

- Depict airport's current and proposed:
 - Boundaries
 - Facilities and structures
 - "Non-aviation areas"
 - Access points
- Subject to FAA approval
- Generally must conform development to approved ALP
 - But see Section 743

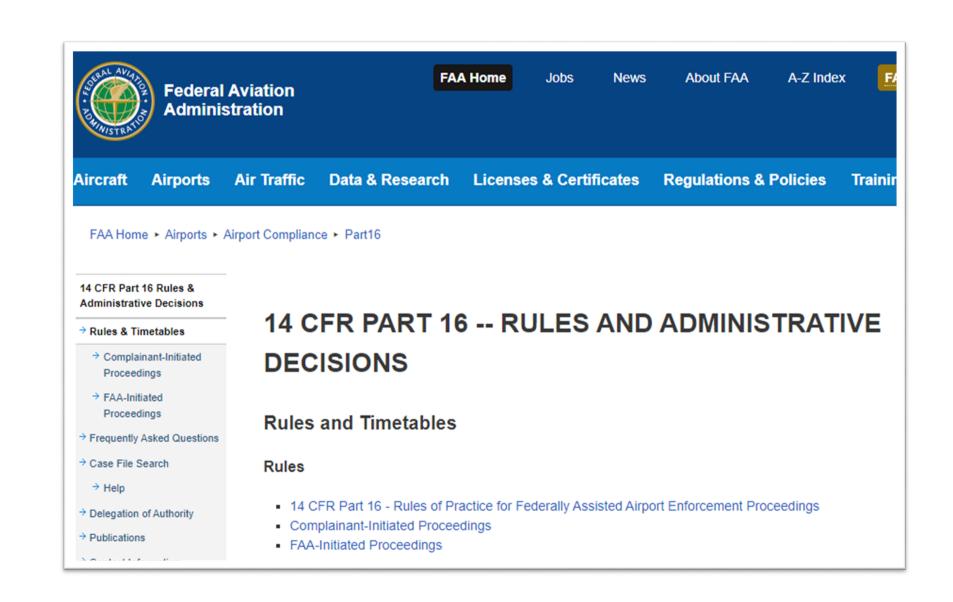


Enforcement and Resources

Grant assurance enforcement

Formal and informal enforcement actions

- Two types of grant enforcement
 - 14 C.F.R. **Part 13** ("informal")
 - 14 C.F.R. **Part 16** ("formal")
- Focus on current compliance
 - Strong preference: voluntary compliance
- Maximum penalty: Loss of grant eligibility

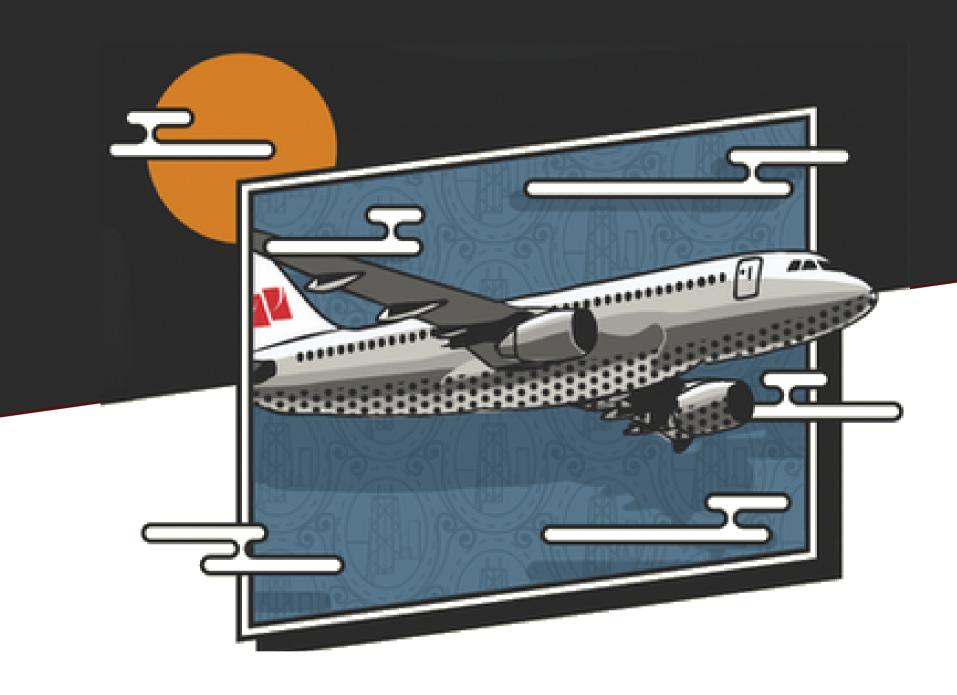








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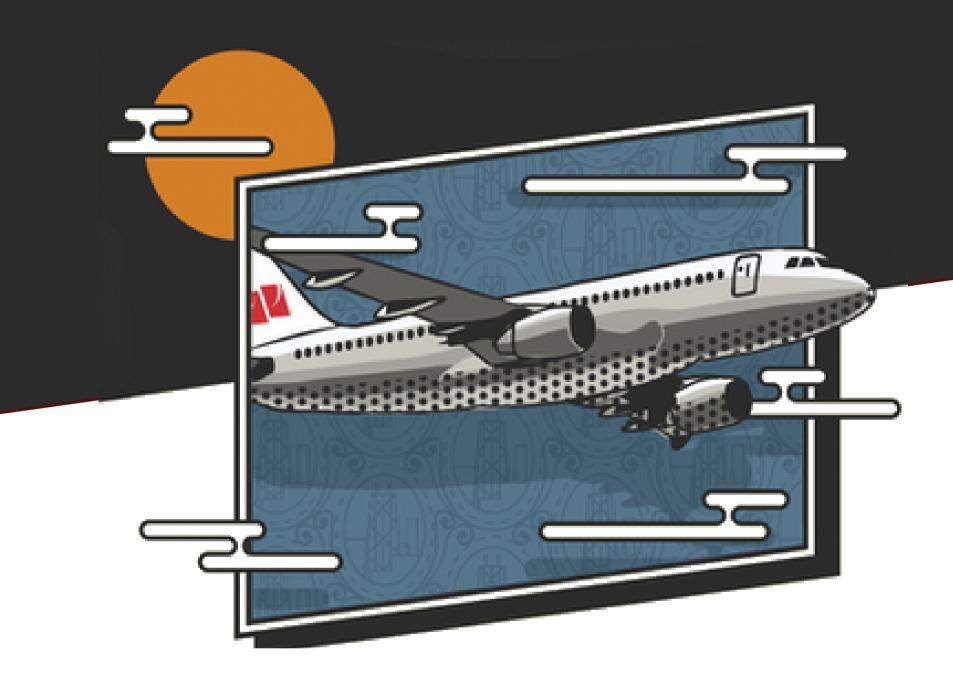
QUESTIONS?







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THANK YOU!